

q -Virasoro
constraints for 3d
partition
functions

Anton Nedelin

Virasoro
constraints

Motivation

Constraints from
WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro
constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and
Outlook

q -Virasoro constraints for 3d partition functions

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based on works with M. Zabzine and F.Nieri
1511.03471 and 1605.07029

Content

q -Virasoro
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partition
functions

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Virasoro
constraints

Motivation

Constraints from
WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro
constraints

Algebra

Free fields

$3d$ partition function

Conclusions and
Outlook

- Virasoro constraints in hermitian matrix model
- Motivation from physics
- Free fields representation
- q -Virasoro constraints
 - q -Virasoro algebra
 - Free field representation
 - $3d$ generating functions
- Conclusions and Outlook

Ward identities

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

Hermitian matrix model with most general polynomial potential

Dijkgraaf, Verlinde, Verlinde '91

Morozov, Mironov '91

$$Z_N(\{t\}) = \int \prod_{i=1}^N dx_i \prod_{i < j} (x_i - x_j)^2 e^{\sum_{k \geq 0} t_k \sum_i x_i^k}$$

Invariant under

$$x_i \rightarrow x_i + \epsilon_n x_i^{n+1}$$



Ward Identities: $\left\langle \sum_{i,j} \sum_{k=0}^n x_i^k x_j^{n-k} + \sum_{k \geq 0} k t_k \sum_i x_i^{k+n} \right\rangle = 0, \quad n > 0$



Virasoro constraints:

$$\hat{L}_n Z_N(\{t\}) = 0$$

for $n > 0$

$$\hat{L}_n = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t_k \partial t_{n-k}} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k t_k \frac{\partial}{\partial t_{k+n}}$$

$$[\hat{L}_n, \hat{L}_m] = (n - m) \hat{L}_{n+m}$$

Clue to the integrability of the matrix model!

Morozov '93, '95

Motivation

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

Supersymmetric localization

Pestun, '07

Path integral of SUSY gauge theory

$$Z = \int \mathcal{D}\phi e^{-S(\phi)}$$



Matrix integral

$$Z = \int d^N x Z_{1-loop}(\{x\}) e^{-\frac{1}{g^2} \sum_i x_i^2}$$



Rich variety of “new” matrix models coming from various gauge theories (different multiplet content, space-time dimensions, manifolds etc.)

Can we generalize Virasoro constraints construction to the localization inspired matrix models?

Generating functions

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

- Typical localization matrix model

$$Z = \int d^N x Z_{1\text{-loop}}(\{x\}) e^{-\frac{1}{g^2} \sum_i x_i^2}$$

1-loop determinant $\sim \prod_{i \neq j} f(x_i - x_j)$

Yang-Mills coupling or CS level.
Gaussian potential. We need general potential $\sum_k \sum_i t_k x_i^k$!

- Consider Wilson loop:

$$\langle W_R \rangle = \int d^N x s_R(\{e^{2\pi x}\}) Z_{1\text{-loop}}(\{x\}) e^{-\frac{1}{g^2} \sum_i x_i^2},$$

$s_R(x)$ - Schur pol.

- Construct WL generating function: $Z(\{t\}) \equiv \sum_R s_R(\{\hat{t}\}) \langle W_R \rangle$



$$Z(\{t\}) = \int d^N x Z_{1\text{-loop}}(\{x\}) e^{-\frac{1}{g^2} \sum_i x_i^2 + \sum_{k>0} t_k \sum_i e^{2\pi k x_i}}$$

$$t_n = \sum_k \frac{\hat{t}_k^n}{n}$$

For $g^2 \rightarrow \infty$ ($k_{CS} = 0$ in 3d) it is exactly what we need!

Constraints from Ward Identities

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra
Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

How to generalize Virasoro constraints construction?

First way: Choose different basis of transformations $x_i \rightarrow f_i(\{x\})$

Example:

A.N., M.Zabzine, '15

- Matrix model

$$Z_N(\{t\}) = \oint \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{dz_i}{z_i} \left[\prod_{i < j} \theta\left(\frac{z_i}{z_j}; q\right) \theta\left(\frac{z_j}{z_i}; q\right) \right] e^{\sum_{s=0}^{\infty} \frac{t_s}{s!} \sum_i z_i^s}$$

- Transformations generated by the operator $D_q(x^{n+1} \dots)$
- Constraints:

$$T_n^q Z_N(\{t\}) = 0 \quad T_n^{q^2} Z_N(\{t\}) = 0$$

$$[T_n^q, T_m^q] = q^{-n-m} ([n]_q - [m]_q) ([2]_q T_{n+m}^{q^2} - T_{n+m}^q)$$

Proper choice of basis: WI=Differential Constraints



Hard (a lot of guessing and playing with expressions)

Constraints from free bosons

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

- Hermitian matrix model → State in free bosons theory

$$Z_N(\{t\}) = \int \prod_{i=1}^N dx_i \prod_{i < j} (x_i - x_j)^2 e^{\sum_{k \geq 0} t_k \sum_i x_i^k} \simeq \int d^N x \prod_i S(x_i) |0\rangle$$

Heisenberg algebra representation

$$a_{-n} \simeq n t_n, \quad a_n \simeq 2 \frac{\partial}{\partial t_n}, \quad |0\rangle \simeq 1$$

Screening current

$$S(x) \equiv :e^{-\sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{x-n}{n} a_n}: e^Q x^P$$

- Crucial property of screening currents:

$$[\hat{L}_n, S(w)] = \frac{d}{dw} O(w)$$



$$[\hat{L}_n, \int dw S(w)] = 0$$



Virasoro operators: $\hat{L}_n = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} :a_{n-k} a_k: \simeq \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t_k \partial t_{n-k}} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k t_k \frac{\partial}{\partial t_{k+n}}$

- Hence we obtain

Virasoro constraints!

$$\hat{L}_n Z_N(\{t\}) = 0 \quad n > 0$$

q -Virasoro algebra

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Anton Nedelin

Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

First natural generalization: q -deformed Virasoro

Shiraishi, Kubo, Awata, Odake '95

$$[T_n, T_m] = - \sum_{\ell} f_{\ell} (T_{n-\ell} T_{m+\ell} - T_{m-\ell} T_{n+\ell}) - \frac{(1-q)(1-t^{-1})}{(1-p)} (p^n - p^{-n}) \delta_{n+m,0}$$

- Deformation is parametrized by $q, t \in \mathbb{C}$, $p = q t^{-1}$.
Another parametrization $t = q^{\beta}$.
- Structure constants** f_{ℓ} fixed by associativity

$$\sum_{\ell > 0} f_{\ell} z^{\ell} = \exp \left(\sum_{n > 0} \frac{1}{n} \frac{(1-q^n)(1-t^{-n})}{(1+p^n)} z^n \right)$$

- Virasoro limit:** $q = e^{\hbar}, \hbar \rightarrow 0$

$$T_n \rightarrow 2\delta_{n,0} + \beta \hbar^2 \left(\hat{L}_n + \frac{1}{4} Q_{\beta}^2 \delta_{n,0} \right) + O(\hbar^4)$$

\hat{L}_n - Virasoro operator with central charge $c = 1 - 6Q_{\beta}^2$

$$Q_{\beta} = \sqrt{\beta} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\beta}}$$

q -Virasoro: free field representation

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Anton Nedelin

Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

- *Heisenberg algebra:*

$$[a_n, a_m] = \frac{1}{n} (q^{\frac{n}{2}} - q^{-\frac{n}{2}}) (t^{\frac{n}{2}} - t^{-\frac{n}{2}}) (p^{\frac{n}{2}} + p^{-\frac{n}{2}}) \delta_{n+m,0}, \quad [P, Q] = 2$$

- *Screening current:*

$$S_q(w) \equiv : e^{-\sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{w^{-n}}{q^{n/2} - q^{-n/2}} a_n} : e^{\sqrt{\beta} Q} w^{\sqrt{\beta} P}$$

- *q -Virasoro operator:*

$$\sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} T_n z^{-n} = \sum_{\sigma=\pm 1} \Lambda_\sigma(z)$$

$$\Lambda_\sigma(z) = : e^{\sigma \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{z^{-n}}{(1+p-\sigma n)} a_n} : q^{\sigma \frac{\sqrt{\beta}}{2} P} p^{\frac{\sigma}{2}}$$

- *q -Virasoro matrix model:*

$$Z(\{t\}) \simeq \oint d^N w \prod_i S_q(w_i) |0\rangle$$

$$a_{-n} \simeq (q^{\frac{n}{2}} - q^{-\frac{n}{2}}) t_n, \quad a_n \simeq \frac{1}{n} (t^{\frac{n}{2}} - t^{-\frac{n}{2}}) (p^{\frac{n}{2}} + p^{-\frac{n}{2}}) \frac{\partial}{\partial t_n}$$

q -Virasoro matrix model

q -Virasoro constraints for 3d partition functions

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

Nieri, A.N., Zabzine '16

- q -Virasoro matrix model generating function:

$$Z_q(\{t\}) = \mathcal{N}_0 \oint \frac{d^N w}{w} \left[\prod_{k \neq j} \frac{(w_k w_j^{-1}; q)_\infty}{(t w_k w_j^{-1}; q)_\infty} \right] \prod_i w_i^{\kappa_1} e^{\sum_{k>0} t_k \sum_j w_j^k}$$

1-loop for vec. + adj. multiplets of mass t on $D_\epsilon^2 \times S^1$ ($q = e^{2\pi i \epsilon}$)
 Aganagic, Haouzi, Kozcaz, Shakirov '13

Wilson loop along S^1

FI term: $\kappa_1 = \beta N - \sqrt{\beta} Q_\beta$

- By construction

$$T_n Z_q(\{t\}) = 0 \quad n > 0$$

Bell polynomials

$$T_n = \sum_{\sigma=\pm 1} q^{\sigma \frac{\sqrt{\beta}}{2}} p^{\frac{\sigma}{2}} \sum_{k \leq 0} \frac{B_k(\{A_{-k}^{(\sigma)}\}) B_{n+k}(\{A_{n+k}^{(\sigma)}\})}{(n+k)! k!}$$

$$A_n^{(\sigma)} = \sigma \frac{a_n |n|!}{1 + p^{-\sigma n}}$$

S_b^3 partition function: modular double

q -Virasoro constraints for 3d partition functions

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Virasoro constraints

Motivation

Constraints from WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and Outlook

- Gluing two copies of $\mathcal{N} = 2$ on $D_\epsilon^2 \times S^1 \Rightarrow \mathcal{N} = 2$ generating function on the *squashed sphere* S_b^3 : $\omega_1^2 |z_1|^2 + \omega_2^2 |z_2|^2 = 1$

| Copy 1 | Copy 2 |
|--|--|
| $q_1 = e^{2\pi i \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1}}$ | $q_2 = e^{2\pi i \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2}}$ |
| $t_1 = e^{2\pi i \beta \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1}}$ | $t_2 = e^{2\pi i \beta \frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2}}$ |
| $\beta_1 = \beta$ | $\beta_2 = \beta$ |

$\leftarrow SL(2, \mathbb{Z})$ gluing: $\epsilon \rightarrow g \cdot \epsilon = \frac{\epsilon}{1-\epsilon}$

$q_1 = e^{2\pi i \epsilon}; \quad q_2 = e^{2\pi i g \cdot \epsilon}; \quad \epsilon = \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1};$

Two Wilson loops:
length $L_{1(2)} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_{1(2)}}$
around $z_{2(1)} = 0$

Partition function

$$Z_{S_b^3}(\{t\}) = \mathcal{N}_0 \oint d^N x \left[\prod_{k \neq j} \frac{S_2(x_i - x_j | \omega)}{S_2(x_i - x_j + M | \omega)} \right] \left[\prod_j e^{\frac{2\pi i \kappa_1}{\omega_1 \omega_2} x_j} \right] \left[\prod_{j=1,2} e^{\sum_{k>0} t_{k,j} \sum_i e^{2\pi i k \frac{\omega}{\omega_j} x_i}} \right]$$

q -Virasoro constraints

$$T_{n,1} Z_{S_b^3}(\{t\}) = 0$$

$$T_{n,2} Z_{S_b^3}(\{t\}) = 0$$

1-loop for vec.+adj.
of mass $M = \beta (\omega_1 + \omega_2)$

FI term

Conclusions and Outlook

q -Virasoro
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partition
functions

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Virasoro
constraints

Motivation

Constraints from
WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro
constraints

Algebra

Free fields

3d partition function

Conclusions and
Outlook

- Construction of Virasoro constraints is generalized to constraints closing q -Virasoro algebra
- Resulting matrix model is generation function of the Wilson loops in $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory on $D^2 \times S^1$
- S_b^3 Wilson loop generating function is annihilated by two sets of commuting q -Virasoro operators.
- Generalization not mentioned in the talk
 - Other spaces: S_b^3 / \mathbb{Z}_r , $S^2 \times S^1$, twisted $S^2 \times S^1$
 - Non-trivial CS level: inclusion of vertex operators
 - Adding fundamental hypermultiplets: inclusion of vertex operators
 - Quiver theories: quiver $W^{(q,t)}$ -algebras
- Going to higher dimensions: 4d (Lodin, Nieri, Zabzine '17) and 5d theories?
- Integrability of the constraints?
- Correspondence to q -deformed integrable systems (Toda, Macdonald, etc.)

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Virasoro
constraints

Motivation

Constraints from
WI

Free fields

q -Virasoro
constraints

Algebra

Free fields

$3d$ partition function

Conclusions and
Outlook

Thank you!